

Student loans

The objective of this activity is to explore the costs associated with attending college and taking out student loans.

Congratulations! You just got accepted into your dream college! However, college can be pretty expensive and the tuition at this school is \$25,000 per year. You decide to do some research and apply to financial aid programs to help with these costs.



Funding your first year of college

You just received your financial aid package in the mail and discovered that you did not receive any scholarships, bummer.

You decide to fully fund your first year of tuition with a Direct unsubsidized federal loan. For this loan, you are charged a **1.057%** loan fee along with an interest rate of **4.99%** which is compounded monthly.

1. Including the loan fee, what is the principal amount of your loan?

We must first determine the loan fee by multiplying \$25,000 by 1.057%. We then add the fee to the original loan amount to determine the principal.

rad CALCULATION	
$25\,000 \times 1.057\%$	264.25
$264.25 + 25\,000$	25\,264.25

The principal for the loan is \$25,264.25.

2. Direct unsubsidized loans start to accrue interest from the date they're disbursed. How much will you owe on this loan at graduation (after 4 years) if no payments have been made?

To determine the balance of the loan after 4 years, we use the **compound interest** formula:

$$A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt}$$

The calculator shows the following steps:

- Initial calculation: $264.25 + 25000 = 25264.25$
- Final calculation: $25264.25 \times \left(1 + \frac{0.0499}{12} \right)^{12(4)} = 30832.72106$

You can also use the **Compound interest** section of the **Finance Solver**.

The Finance Solver interface is shown in two parts:

- Input Section:**
 - N Number of payments: 48
 - r% Nominal annual rate of interest: 4.99
 - PV Present value: 25264.25
 - Pmt Payment each period: 0
- Calculated values Section:**
 - FV Future value: -30832.72106

After four years, you will owe \$30,832.72.

- After graduation, you decide to start paying off your student loan by making a \$300 monthly payment. How long, in years, will it take you to pay off this new balance?

Using the **compound interest** section of the **Finance Solver**, we indicate that we are looking for **N**, the number of payments. We then input our rate (4.99), present value (30,832.72), and payment each period (-300).

It will take about 134.35 months after graduation to pay off the loan for your first year. Dividing by 12, we can convert this to years.

It will take approximately 11.2 years after graduation to pay off this loan.

4. If you started making \$300 monthly payments at the start of college, how long would it take you to pay off your loan?

Using the **compound interest** section of the **Finance Solver**, we indicate that we are looking for **N**, the number of payments. We then input our rate (4.99), present value (25,264.25), and payment each period (-300).

It will take about 103.88 months from the start of college to pay off the loan for your first year. Dividing by 12, we can convert this to years.

rad	CALCULATION	
$\frac{134.3528506}{12}$		11.19607088
$\frac{103.8809971}{12}$		8.656749758

It will take approximately 8.66 years from the start of college to pay off this loan.

5. How much would you actually spend on your first year of college for each of these options?

To determine the actual amount spent on the first year of college, multiply the monthly payment (\$300) by the number of months it takes to pay off the loan.

rad	CALCULATION	
12		8.656749758
300×134.3528506		40305.85518
300×103.8809971		31164.29913

By starting to make payments at the start of college, the total cost of the first year will be \$31,164.30. If you wait until after graduation to make payments, the first year will cost you \$40,305.86.

Scholarships

While the numbers above may be intimidating, there are over 1.7 million scholarships awarded annually. The U.S. Department of Education awards an estimated \$46 billion in scholarships annually and private sources award over \$7.4 billion in scholarships annually. On average, first time undergraduates who receive government grants and scholarships at a 4-year college receive about \$13,690 annually.¹

Knowing this, you spent your junior and senior year of high school applying for every scholarship you felt qualified for. Great news! You have now funded 50% of your first year of college through scholarships!

For the remainder of your tuition, you decide to take out a Direct unsubsidized federal loan which charges a **1.057%** loan fee along with an interest rate of **4.99%** which is compounded monthly.

1. Including the loan fee, what is the principal amount of the loan needed to cover half of the tuition for your first year?

With \$12,500 in scholarships, tuition will be \$12,500. We must first determine the loan fee by multiplying \$12,500 by 1.057%. We then add the fee to the original loan amount to determine the principal.

rad CALCULATION	
$25\,000 \times 50\%$	12 500
$12\,500 + 12\,500 \times 1.057\%$	12 632.125

The principal for the loan is \$12,632.13.

2. If you started making \$300 monthly payments at the start of college, how long would it take you to pay off your loan?

Using the **compound interest** section of the **Finance Solver**, we indicate that we are looking for **N**, the number of payments. We then input our rate (4.99), present value (12,632.13), and payment each period (-300).

¹Education Data Initiative: Scholarship Statistics

rad SOLVER Compound interest	
Solving N (Number of payments)	
r% Nominal annual rate of interest	4.99
PV Present value	12632.13
Pmt Payment each period	-300
FV Future value	0

rad SOLVER Compound interest	
r%=4.99 PV=1.263e4 Pmt=-300 FV=0 P/Y=12...	
Calculated values	
N Number of payments	46.38573228

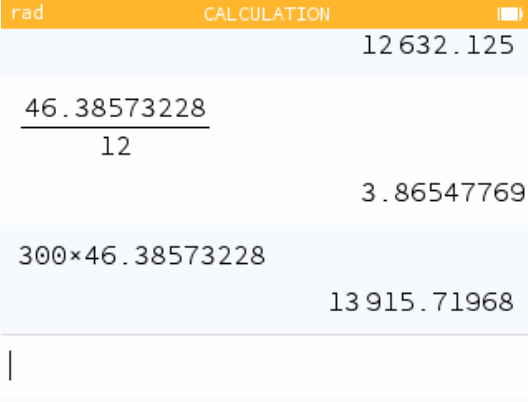
It will take about 46.39 months from the start of college to pay off the loan for the first year. Dividing by 12, we can convert this to years.

rad CALCULATION	
	12 500
$12\,500 + 12\,500 \times 1.057\%$	12 632.125
$\frac{46.38573228}{12}$	3.86547769

It will take approximately 3.87 years from the start of college to pay off this loan. That means the first year will be paid off before you graduate!

- How does the actual total cost of the first year of college with a scholarship compare to the cost without a scholarship?

To determine the actual amount spent on the first year of college, multiply the monthly payment (\$300) by the number of months it takes to pay off the loan.



A calculator interface showing the following calculations:

Operation	Result
12632.125	12632.125
$\frac{46.38573228}{12}$	3.86547769
300×46.38573228	13915.71968

With the scholarship and by starting to make payments at the start of college, the total cost of the first year will be \$13,915.72. This is \$17,248.58 less than without a scholarship! And \$26,390.14 less than if you didn't have a scholarship and waited until after college to make payments!

For more information on scholarships and student loans:

- *Fastweb, free scholarship search platform that connects students to scholarships and financial aid tools*
- *US Department of Education: Interest Rates and Fees for Federal Student Loans*